Progression in sentence structure

Most children learn to:

- Vary and adapt sentence structure for meaning and effect
- Convey meaning through grammatically accurate and correctly punctuated sentences

Year	Key learning	Additional information	Links to support materials
FS	begin to form simple sentences	 Oral rehearsal essential Manipulation of words to create a simple sentence 	 Letters and Sounds Phase 3/4 See Developing Early Writing (DEW) pg 75 (Developing the Concept of a Sentence)
1	compose and write simple sentences independently to communicate meaning	 As above, plus: Knowledge about what a sentence is and that it needs to make sense 	 Letters and Sounds Phase 4/5 DEW Units 4-9 See DEW pg 75 (Developing the Concept of a Sentence)
2	Write simple and compound sentences and begin to use subordination in relation to time and reason . Compose sentences using tense consistently (past and present)	 As above, plus: Compound sentences are created by joining two clauses of equal weight with and, but, or, so Subordination – one clause is not as strong as the other Use of adverbial phrases to add detail of 'when': yesterday, last night, next, after that Introduce because to add a reason Awareness of verbs and how they change according to when it happened 	 Letters and Sounds Phase 6 DEW Units 10-15 DEW Sentence units A,B, H, I Grammar for Writing (GfW) Units 1, 2, 6, 18
3	Show relationship of time, reason and cause through subordination and connectives Compose sentences using adjectives, verbs and nouns for precision, clarity and impact	 As above, plus: Build a collection of connectives under each heading from children's reading Awareness of the function of words within a sentence – adjectives, verbs, nouns, connectives Time – see above Reason/cause – because, so that, as Begin to introduce complex sentences 	 Grammar for Writing Units 1, 2, 6,10, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 20 GfW Generic sentence activities pg 156>>



		As above plus:]
4	Clarify meaning and point of view by using varied sentence structure (phrases, clauses and adverbials)	 As above, plus: simple, compound and complex sentences understanding of 'phrase' and 'clause' varied sentence openings, including adverbial phrases (where, when, how) pronoun use Experiment with changing verb tense and first/second/third person 	 Grammar for Writing Units 20, 21, 22, 23, 26, 28, 31, 32, 34,
5	Adapt sentence construction to different text types, purposes and readers	 As above, plus: In reading, recognise the different sentence structures in different text types and consider the impact Write for different audiences and purposes Complex sentences using a wider range of subordinating connectives appropriate to purpose Embedded clauses to add relevant detail (especially in narrative) 	 Grammar for Writing Units 33, 34, 35, 37, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47,
6	Express subtle distinctions of meaning, including hypothesis, speculation and supposition , by constructing sentences in varied ways	 As above, plus: Extend the range of connecting words and phrases through gathering them in reading (less frequently used in everyday speech)and discussing purpose (however, although, therefore, on the other hand) Knowledge of complex sentences extended to include cause and effect (for explaining ideas) and alternative viewpoints (for argument and persuasion) Conditional sentence structure (ifthen) and modal verbs (could, might, should) used to construct sentences expressing possibility Active/passive voice identified in reading and used appropriately 	 Grammar for Writing Units 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51
>>Y7	Extend their use and control of complex sentences by deploying subordinate clauses effectively	 As above Extended range of writing for different purposes and audiences 	 Grammar for Writing Unit 53

